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Protocol for batch/gravity-flow purification of Histidine-tagged recombinant proteins under native conditions using Ni Sepharose 6 Fast Flow and Empty Disposable PD-10 Columns

Recommended buffers*

Buffer A (Binding/wash buffer): 20 mM sodium phosphate, 500 mM NaCl, 20 mM imidazole, pH 7.3

Buffer B (Elution buffer): 20 mM sodium phosphate, 500 mM NaCl, 500 mM imidazole, pH 7.3

* The buffers above are recommended for binding, wash, and elution of Histidine-tagged recombinant proteins using batch/gravity-flow procedures. However, the imidazole concentration may need to be optimized for each individual Histidine-tagged protein to ensure the best balance of purity (low binding of unwanted proteins), and yield (binding of all of the Histidine-tagged protein). For most Histidine-tagged proteins, an imidazole concentration of 20–40 mM in the binding and wash buffers is a good starting point. Note that Ni Sepharose™ 6 Fast Flow often requires a slightly higher concentration of imidazole in the binding buffer than other IMAC (Immobilized Metal Ion Adsorption Chromatography) media on the market.

Sample preparation

- 1. Harvest host cells with expressed Histidine-tagged protein according to manufacturers' recommendations.
- 2. Lyse host cells by, for example, sonication in 5 ml of Buffer A (Binding/wash buffer, see Recommended buffers)/g cell paste.
- 3. Clarify lysate by centrifugation at 10 000 \times g for 10 min.
- 4. Filter lysate through a 0.45- μ m filter.

Preparation of

Ni Sepharose 6 Fast Flow

- 1. Gently shake the bottle in which the Ni Sepharose 6 Fast Flow is supplied until the medium is homogeneous.
- 2. Remove 2 ml slurry from the bottle and transfer to a centrifuge tube.
- 3. Sediment the Ni Sepharose 6 Fast Flow by centrifugation at 500 \times g for 5 min.
- 4. Discard supernatant and replace with 5 ml of distilled water.

- 5. Gently shake the Ni Sepharose 6 Fast Flow for 3 min and resediment by centrifugation at 500 \times g for 5 min.
- 6. Repeat steps 4 and 5 using Buffer A instead of distilled water.
- 7. Transfer the Ni Sepharose 6 Fast Flow to a measuring cylinder.
- 8. Add an appropriate volume of Buffer A to make a 50% slurry.

Sample binding

- Add 4 ml of sample to 1 ml of the 50% slurry. Binding capacity of Ni Sepharose 6 Fast Flow is protein dependent and the average is 40 mg/ml. This means that 1 ml of the 50% slurry can bind about 20 mg of Histidine-tagged protein.
- 2. Incubate sample and the Ni Sepharose 6 Fast Flow slurry at room temperature on a shaker at low speed for 1 h.

Preparation of the Empty Disposable PD-10 Columns

- 1. Wash the filter with 20% ethanol.
- 2. Rinse the filter with distilled water.
- 3. Insert the filter into the Empty Disposable PD-10 Column.

Buffer wash and elution

- 1. Load sample/Ni Sepharose 6 Fast Flow mix onto the PD-10 columns and collect flowthrough.
- 2. Wash with 2 \times 1 ml of Buffer A and collect both fractions.
- 3. Elute with 4×0.5 ml of Buffer B (Elution buffer, see Buffers required) and collect the eluted fractions in four separate tubes.
- 4. Measure absorbance at 280 nm using a spectrophotometer and confirm purity of pooled fractions by SDS-PAGE. Use Buffer B as the blank.

